2019 CERTIFICATION JUN 23 AM 8: 50

Consumer Confidence Report (CCR)

OF MONTICETIO Public Water System Name

List PWS ID #s for all Community Water Systems included in this CCR

The Federal Safe Drinking Water Act (SDWA) requires each Community Public Water System (PWS) to develop and distribute a Consumer Confidence Report (CCR) to its customers each year. Depending on the population served by the PWS, this CCR must be mailed or delivered to the customers, published in a newspaper of local circulation, or provided to the customers upon request. Make sure you follow the proper procedures when distributing the CCR. You must email, fax (but not preferred) or mail, a copy of the CCR and Certification to the MSDH. Please check all boxes that apply.

1	Customers wer	e informed of availability of CCR by: (Atta	ch copy of publication,	water bill or other)		
•	VA-	Advertisement in local paper (Attach copy of advertisement) IN CCR AFFORT				
	[]	☐ On water bills (Attach copy of bill)		LAWARDER COUNTY AND		
		☐ Email message (Email the message to	the address below)			
		Other				
	Date(s) custo	omers were informed: 6 / 10 /2020	/ /2020	/ /2020		
	CCR was dist	ributed by U.S. Postal Service or other				
	Date Mailed/	Distributed: / /		,		
*		ibuted by Email (Email MSDH a copy)	Date Emailed:	/ / 2020		
		☐ As a URL		(Provide Direct URL)		
		☐ As an attachment				
		☐ As text within the body of the email n	nessage			
1	CCR was publi	ished in local newspaper. (Attach copy of page 1)	ublished CCR <u>or</u> proof	of publication)		
•	Name of Nev	wspaper: LAWRENCE COUNTY	ARBES			
	Date Publish	ed: 6 / 10 / 2020 ed in public places. (Attach list of locations,	7 MENTICELLO	CITY HALL		
+	CCR was poste	ed in public places. (Attach list of locations,	Date Post	ted: 6 / 10 / 2020		
		ed on a publicly accessible internet site at th				
				(Provide Direct URL)		
I her abov and o	e and that I used d	e CCR has been distributed to the customers of istribution methods allowed by the SDWA. I furstent with the water quality monitoring data provide blic Water Supply	ther certify that the inform	ation included in this CCR is true		
_	BOBBY SEL	MAN OPERATOR	6-22-	2020		
Nan	ne/Title (Board Pre	sident, Mayor, Owner, Admin. Contact, etc.)		Date		
		Submission options (Select o	ne method ONLY)			
	Mail: (U.S. MSDH, Burer P.O. Box 170 Jackson, MS		Fax: (601) 576	orts@msdh.ms.gov - 7800 method due to poor clarity**		

CCR Deadline to MSDH & Customers by July 1, 2020!

Jackson, MS 39215

2019 Annual Drinking Water Quality Report

TOWN OF MONTICELLO

PWS ID# 390003 JUNE 3, 2020

We're pleased to present to you this year's Annual Water Quality Report. This report is designed to inform you about the quality water and services we deliver to you every day. Our constant goal is to provide you with a safe and dependable supply of drinking water. We want you to understand the efforts we make to continually improve the water treatment process and protect our water resources. We are committed to ensuring the quality of your water. Our water source is from two wells using water from the Miocene Series Formation Aquifer.

Our source water assessment has been completed and it shows our wells have a lower susceptibility to contamination.

I'm pleased to report that our drinking water meets all federal and state requirements.

This report shows our water quality and what it means.

If you have any questions about this report or concerning your water utility, please contact Bobby Selman, our operator, at 601-455-0334. We want our valued customers to be informed about their water utility. If you want to learn more, please attend any of our regularly scheduled meetings. They are held on the first Monday of every month at 5:05 P.M. at Monticello Town Hall.

The Town of Monticello routinely monitors for constituents in your drinking water according to Federal and State laws. This table shows the results of our monitoring for the period of January 1" to December 31", 2019. As water travels over the land or underground, it can pick up substances or contaminants such as microbes, inorganic and organic chemicals, and radioactive substances. All drinking water, including bottled drinking water, may be reasonably expected to contain at least small amounts of some constituents. It's important to remember that the presence of these constituents does not necessarily pose a health risk.

In this table you will find many terms and abbreviations you might not be familiar with. To help you better understand these terms we've provided the following definitions:

Non-Detects (ND) - laboratory analysis indicates that the constituent is not present.

Parts per million (ppm) or Milligrams per liter (mg/l) - one part per million corresponds to one minute in two years or a single penny in \$10,000.

Parts per billion (ppb) or Micrograms per liter - one part per billion corresponds to one minute in 2,000 years, or a single penny in \$10,000,000.

Action Level- the concentration of a contaminant which, if exceeded, triggers treatment or other requirements which a water system must follow.

Treatment Technique (TT) - A treatment technique is a required process intended to reduce the level of a contaminant in drinking water.

Maximum Contaminant Level- The AMaximum Allowed≅ (MCL) is the highest level of a contaminant that is allowed in drinking water. MCLs are set as close to the MCLGs as feasible using the best available treatment technology.

Maximum Contaminant Level Goal- The AGoal≅(MCLG) is the level of a contaminant in drinking water below which there is no known or expected risk to health. MCLGs allow for a margin of safety.

				TEST R	ESULTS			
Contaminant	Violati on Y/N	Date Collected	Level Detect ed	Range of Detects or # of Samples Exceeding MCL/ACL	Unit Measure ment	MCL G	MCL	Likely Source of Contamination
Disinfectants and	d Disinfect	ion By-Prod	ucts	lisinfectant is a	ecessary for	control o	of microbial contamina	nts)
Chlorine (as CL2)	N	2019	1.0 (RAA) Running Annual Average	0.8-low	ppm	4.0	4.0	Water additive used to control microbes
Inorganic Conta	uminants							
9.Sodium	N/A	2019	10000	NO RANGE	PPB	250, 000	250000	Erosion of Natural Deposits;Leaching
10. Barium	N	4/02/19	.0349	NO RANGE	Ppm	2	2	Discharge of drilling wastes; discharge from metal refineries; erosion of natural deposits
14. Copper	N	7/30/14*	0.1	0	ppm	1.3	AL-1.3	
16. Fluoride	N	4/02/2019	0.1	0	ppm	4.	<u>4</u>	Erosion of Natural Deposits;water additive which promotes strong teeth;discharge from fertilizer and aluminum factories
17. Lead	N	7/30/14*	0.0	0	ppb	0	AL=15	Corrosion of household plumbing systems, erosion of natural deposits
*MOST REC	CENT SAM	MPLE		9.				50.4

Inorganic Contaminants:

- (9) Sodium. Likely source of contamination-Road Salt, Water Treatment Chemicals, Water Softeners, and Sewage Effluents.
- (10) Barium. Some people who drink water containing barium in excess of the MCL over many years could experience an increase in their blood pressure.
- (14) Copper. Copper is an essential nutrient, but some people who drink water containing copper in excess of the action level over a relatively short amount of time could experience gastrointestinal distress. Some people who drink water containing copper in excess of the action level over many years could suffer liver or kidney damage. People with Wilson's Disease should consult their personal doctor.
- (16) Fluoride. Some people who drink water in excess of the MCL over many years could get bone disease, including pain and tenderness of the bones. Children may get mottled teeth.
- (17) Lead. Infants and children who drink water containing lead in excess of the action level could experience delays in their physical or mental development. Children could show slight deficits in attention span and learning abilities. Adults who drink this water over many years could develop kidney problems or high blood pressure.

Asbestos testing for our water system was conducted on 10/02/2019. Results for asbestos were None Detected for a concentration of <0.52MFL.

******* Additional Information for Lead*********

If present, elevated levels of lead can cause serious health problems, especially for pregnant women and young children. Lead in drinking water is primarily from materials and components associated with service lines and home plumbing. The Town of Monticello is responsible for providing high quality drinking water, but cannot control the variety of materials used in plumbing components. When your water has been sitting for several hours, you can minimize the potential for lead exposure by flushing your tap for 30 seconds to 2 minutes before using water for drinking or cooking. If you are concerned about lead in your water, you may wish to have your water tested. Information on lead in drinking water, testing methods, and steps you can take to minimize exposure is available from the Safe Drinking Water Hotline or at http://www.epa.gov/safewater/lead. The Mississippi State Department of Health Public Health Laboratory offers lead testing for \$10 per sample. Please contact 601.576.7582 if you wish to have your water tested.

All sources of drinking water are subject to potential contamination by substances that are naturally occurring or man made. These substances can be microbes, inorganic or organic chemicals and radioactive substances. All drinking water, including bottled water, may reasonably be expected to contain at least small amounts of some contaminants. The presence of contaminants does not necessarily indicate that the water poses a health risk. More information about contaminants and potential health effects can be obtained by calling the Environmental Protection Agency=s Safe Drinking Water Hotline at 1-800-426-4791.

Some people may be more vulnerable to contaminants in drinking water than the general population. Immuno-compromised persons such as persons with cancer undergoing chemotherapy, persons who have undergone organ transplants, people with HIV/AIDS or other immune system disorders, some elderly, and infants can be particularly at risk from infections. These people should seek advice about drinking water from their health care providers. EPA/CDC guidelines on appropriate means to lessen the risk of infection by cryptosporidium and other microbiological contaminants are available from the Safe Drinking Water Hotline (800-426-4791).

To comply with the "Regulation Governing Fluoridation of Community Water Supplies", the TOWN OF MONTICELL(), MS0390003 is required to report certain results pertaining to fluoridation of our water system. The number of months in the previous calendar year that average fluoride sample results were within the optimal range of 0.6-1.2 ppm was 8. The percentage of fluoride samples collected in the previous calendar year that was within the optimal range of 0.6-1.2 ppm was 100 %.

Please call our office if you have questions.

We ask that all our customers help us protect our water sources, which are the heart of our community, our way of life and our childrens future.

This CCR Report will not be delivered by mail but you may obtain a copy at Monticello Town Hall.



P.O. Box 549 • Monticello, MS 39654 601-587-2781 Email: info@lawrencecountypress.com www.lawrencecountypress.com

PROOF OF PUBLICATION

0707-01-9

may obtain a copy at Newhebron Town Hall.

es, which are the heart of our community, our way of

in drinking water than the general population, srgoing chemotherapy, persons who have undergone disorders, some elderly, and infants can be particularly thirking water from their health care providers. EPA ction by cryptosporidium and other microbiological (800-426-4791).

roblems, especially for pregnant women and young components associated with service lines and home a high quality drinking water but cannot control the test been sitting for several hours, you can minimize yate to a minimize before using water tor drinking or wish to have your water tested. Information on lead inimize exposure is available from the Safe Drinking inimize exposure is available from the Safe Drinking risisppi State Department of Health Public Health on inimize exposure is available from the state Drinking ration by substances that are naturally occurring nation by substances that are naturally occurring in chemicals and radioactive substances. All drinking artain at least small amounts of some contaminants. The water poses a health risk. More information about calling the Environmental Protection Agency's Safe calling the Environmental Protection Agency's Safe

mmunity Water Supplies," the TOWN OF NEWHEBRON, ridation of our water system. The number of months its were within the optimal range of 0.6-1.2 ppm was s calendar year that was within the optimal range of s

ney problems or high blood pressure.
water containing nitrate in excess of the MCL could
de shortness of breath and blue-baby syndrome.

d in excess of the action level could experience delays

who drink water containing copper in excess of the nce gastrointestinal distress. Some people who drink ny years could suffer liver or kidney damage. People

n excess of the MCL over many years could experience

Treatment Chemicals, Water Softeners, and Sewage

01	01	uidd
si-TV	0	qđđ
8.1-1A	81	hbur
8	8	ng I
	SI-TV	\$1-TV 0

delivered in a sealed env. Lawrence County School BIDS - School Psychology 346 Thomas E. Jolly Drive Monticello, MS 39654

Proposals will be acce June 29, 2020 at 1:00 proposals will be opened 2020, after 3:00p.m. at t listed address.

6-1

REQUEST FOR PROP

The Lawrence Count District, Special S Department, is accepting for Occupational & Physica services for students rule by the Individuals with D

We're pleased to present about the quality water and dependable supply of drin water treatment process ar Our water source is from or

Our source water assessm I'm pleased to report that o This report shows our walf you have any question operator, at 601-455-0334. learn more, please attend at at 6:00 p.m. at Newhebron 1

The Town of Newhebron I laws. This table shows the ritravels over the land or uncorganic chemicals, and radio expected to contain at least these constituents does not

In this table, you will find m these terms, we've provided Non-Detects (ND) - laborator Parts per million (ppm) or Mill single penny in \$10,000.

Parts per billion (ppb) or Micro penny in \$10,000,000. Action Level - the concentrati

a water system must follow.

Treatment Technique (TT) - A in drinking water.

Maximum Contaminant Level drinking water. MCLs arc set Maximum Contaminant Level is no known or expected risk

Contaminant	Violation V/N
Disinfectants &	k Disinfection
Chlorine (as CL2)	N

THE STATE OF MISSISSIPPI LAWRENCE COUNTY

Personally came to me, the undersigned, authority in and for LAWRENCE COUNTY, Mississippi the CLERK of the LAWRENCE COUNTY PRESS, a newspaper published in the City of Monticello, Lawrence County, in said state, who, being duly sworn, deposes and says that the LAWRENCE COUNTY PRESS is a newspaper as defined and prescribed in Senate Bill No. 203 enacted in the regular session of the Mississippi Legislature of 1948, amended Section 1858, of the Mississippi Code of 1942, and that the publication of a notice, of which the annexed is a true copy appeared in the issues of said newspaper as follows:

DATE: 6-10-20
DATE:
DATE:
DATE:
DATE:
Published times
(Signed) Styrtame Styrtame (Clerk of the Lawrence County Press)
(Clerk of the Lawrence County Press)

SWORN TO and subscribed before me, this

10th day of	20 کے	
\wedge		

A Notary Public in and for the County of Lawrence, State of Mississippi.

